Development of Histology Teaching Materials of Five Human Organs Magazine Based on Corel Draw for Student at IKIP Budi Utomo Malang

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Abstract

The purpose of this study was to develop a new learning media in the form of a magazine to support the histology learning process. The presence of the Five Human Organs Magazine is expected to provide a new learning atmosphere during the learning process, and to be able to provide new information on the topic of histology of the five organs of the human body, namely the brain, lungs, stomach, heart and liver. The development model used in this study was 4D development model from Thiagarajan (1974). The 4D model has 4 stages, namely define, design, develop, and disseminate. But in this study it was only carried out until the develop stage without disseminate stages. The sample used in the trial was a class A of 2016 consist of 40 students. Data obtained by means of questionnaires. The results showed that the development of teaching materials for five human organs magazines was suitable to use in learning activities. This was indicated by the result expert validation which revealed that the product was very good. Validation result for learning media and learning design were said to be very good. Individual and group trial data said that the product was very good. In the medium group trial it can be concluded that the teaching material of the five human organs magazine is suitable to be used as a reference for the histology teaching material by students in IKIP Budi Utomo Malang.

Keywords: Histology teaching materials, magazine, five human organs.

1. INTRODUCTION

Histology is one of the courses taken by students of the biology education program at IKIP Budi Utomo Malang. Histology courses focus on the network of tissues that exist in humans. Students consider that this subject is difficult to study since it requires deep thinking and good memory. This research aimed to help students understand the involvement of the medical world in biology education. Students will be interested in studying human histology, they will understand and understand if there is a unique phenomenon in medical disciplines, so that in the minds of students there will be a dynamic of thinking and having answers during the learning process.

The results of the 2016 observation in the histology course found that students have several disadvantages include learning achievement that were below the standard value of 75. The weakness in application of human histology especially in giving information, and observing tissues. The magazine on five human organs will provide a

new learning atmosphere for students. Several criteria adopted in this magazine such as attractiveness, design innovation, color images that match the original, and information that is easy to understand.

Based on the description and problems identification related to the need for teaching materials in the Human Histology course, Corel Draw-based teaching materials were developed to improve student learning outcomes with the help of Five Human Organs Magazine. The product will add student's collection of good and valid learning materials. Students will become more confident in expressing opinions, asking questions and suggestions and learning objectives can be achieved properly.

2. RESEARCH METHOD

The development of this teaching material used 4D model proposed by Thiagarajan et al. (1974). This model consists of 4 stages which are Define, Design, Develop, and Disseminate. This research used only 3 stages or until develop stage.

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The trial stage consist of individual and small group. Individual trial with 5 respondents while small group trial with 12 respondents. All respondents were undergraduate students in the major of Biologi which had already taken the Human Histology course from IKIP Budi Utomo Malang.

There were two types of data produced, qualitative and quantitative data. Qualitative data was in the form of comments, criticisms, suggestions and inputs written by validators and students as users. Quantitative data were obtained based on scaled sheet scores by validators and questionnaires response. All data then used to improve teaching materials.

3. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The presentation of the data describes the presentation of the results of responses / assessments from the material experts, as well as experts in media and design learning, individual trials, and group trials. In the validation stage, each assessment was given an assessment questionnaire and a printout product of the five human organs magazine histological teaching material for the score.

The content expert validation

Table 1. Result of content expert validation.

Aspects	Score	Description
The ability of title to describe	4	Very good
content coverage.		
Using communicative	4	Very good
language and easy to		
understand.		
The content reflects the	4	Very good
description of 5 organs in the		
human histology (brain, lung,		
stomach, heart, liver).		
Contain scientific truth,	4	Very good
according to the latest accurate		
valid and scientific		
developments.		
Contextual value	4	Very good
The accuracy of the concepts	3	Good
and definitions.		
The facts, data and opinions	4	Very good
presented is accurate in		
accordance with research and		
is efficient to improve the		
understanding of the reader.		
The images, pictures, photos	3	Good
are presented accurately.		
Accuracy of technical terms in	4	Very good
accordance with the norms		
that apply in the field of		
human histology.		

Aspects	Score	Description
Presentation of content	4	Very good
provides information and		
fosters curiosity or motivation.		
The content is presented	4	Very good
systemically in stages, and use		
simple, straightforward		
language.		
Presentation of content is in	4	Very good
accordance with the		
characteristics of histology		
course.		
Total scores	46	

Suggestion from the content expert covered the quality and the explication of the pictures presented.

The Learning Media and Instructional Design Expert Validation

Table 2. Result of Learning Media Expert Validation.

Aspects	Score	Description
Size and Format	4	Very good
Paper quality	4	Very good
Printout quality	4	Very good
Cover design	4	Very good
Consistency in the layout	4	Very good
Harmony of the layout	4	Very good
Quality of typography	3	Good
Consistency in numbering	4	Very good
Accuracy of illustrations,	4	Very good
graphics, images and photos		
Matching and balanced color	4	Very good
combination		
Language clarity	3	Good
Simplicity and attractiveness	4	Very good
Total scores	46	

Suggestion from the learning expert comprised of improving the font size of pictures caption and the color quality of several pictures.

Individual Trial Test

Individual trials were conducted by five students of the Biology Education Study Program IKIP Budi Utomo Malang. Individual trial data included typographical errors, punctuation errors, words that should use uppercase or lowercase letters, etc.

Table 3 Result of Individual Trials

Page	Row	Typo words and other errors
19	24	Lobules = Lobulus
19	16	Menyintesis = Mensistesis
27	9	Gajah = Gadjah (UGM)
28	22	Meiningkatkan = Meningkatkan
6	11	Comma after the word Stellate

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25	26	Excessive spaces after quotation mark
6	1	fitoestrogen = Fitoestrogen
32	3	Namun = namun
20	5	Jika = jika
15	1	(lambung), not separated by
		space
19	8	Epitel permukaan, separated by
		space

Small Group Trials

This trial was conducted on twelve students who had taken histology courses.

Table 4. Result Of Small Group Respons

Aspects	Average
rispects	Score
Cover design makes you interested in studying the materials.	42
The title has attracted your attention to learn more.	45
The language used in the presentation of material is simple, straightforward, communicative and easily understood.	43
The display of images / photos can make it easier for you to learn.	44
The system of content presentation makes it easy for you to understand the whole material in stages.	41
Provide knowledge, learning motivation, and student creativity.	42
Encourage the growth of independent learning skills.	40
Total Score	297
Percentage	88,39

Comments and suggestions from students are presented in Table 5.

Table 5. Students Comments And Suggestions.

Respondent	Comments	
R1, R2, R9	a. Interesting learning material.	
	b.Cover is good, but some pictures are	
	not in good quality.	
R3, R4	All in all, the learning material is good	
	although some pictures need to be	
	replaced. The language used is simple,	
	easy to understand. Jack up curiosity	
	and motivation to read.	
R5, R7, R8	Need improvement on content,	
	writing and language.	
R6, R10	The product is good and innovative to	
	implement in histology course.	
R11, R12	Improvement on glosary. There are	
	several technical words that do not	
	exist in glosary.	

The Ministry of National Education (2006) states that teaching materials or instructional materials generally consist of knowledge, skills, and attitudes that students

must learn in order to achieve predetermined competency standards. In detail, the types of learning material consist of knowledge (facts, concepts, principles, procedures), skills, and attitudes or values.

Histology is the study of tissue structure in detail using a microscope on a thin tissue preparation. Histology can also be called microscopic anatomy. According to Banks in Khaisar (2006), histology is a branch of anatomical biology that studies the structure of cells that have the same physiological functions arranged into one complex network. When there is a change in cell structure due to disease, pathogens, the presence of hazardous substances such as heavy metals, or because of changes in physical factors (temperature) and chemistry (salinity, pH or DO) environment, it indicates that there has been a change or even ongoing change on environmental conditions. Histology analysis can be a very sensitive parameter and becomes very important in determining cell structure changes that occur in internal organs such as kidneys, liver and gonads (Dutta in Khaisar, 2005).

Magazine is type of mass media that consists of a set of printed paper put together. The writings in the magazine are made not by handwriting, but by a printing press. There are no standard provisions in compiling the contents of a magazine. Magazines usually contain various kinds of writing topics that are in accordance with the objectives and topics of the magazine in question. Not only writings, there are also pictures in the magazine that aim as illustrations to make the contents of the magazine more attractive. These images can be in the form of pictures of people, pictures of objects, or cartoons.

According to Frazier (1986), magazines can be divided into two parts which are general magazines and special magazines. General magazines are magazines that use problems that have significance for many people. Regarding politics, economics, education, culture and science which cover human needs in society. Special magazines are magazines that raise problems or findings such as agriculture, economics, engineering, science of science and others (Suhandang, 1988).

4. CONCLUSION

Based on the results, it can be concluded that the product of development, Corel Drawbased Five Human Organs Magazine, was validated and ready to use in teaching learning activity.

Further development might be required especially to cover other topics both in human histology or other subject of contents. In addition, it is also necessary to complement printed magazine with online link to provide it with appropriate videos or footages

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